

Beyond Compliance

Nicole Small



“What do regulators want - how and when to communicate and engage?”

“What pathways are available to seek advice?”

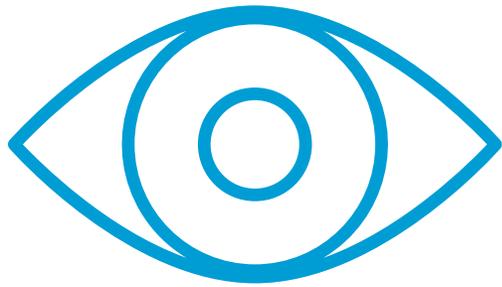


Slido (Word Cloud)



Q: What stops you from seeking pre-submission advice/feedback from regulator(s)?

1. Didn't know I could
2. Didn't know costs involved
3. Go elsewhere - such as a consultant



- “Watchdog”
- “The police”
- “The enforcers”



Sharing the same common goal





Responsible for protecting the public health by ensuring the safety, efficacy, and security of human and veterinary drugs, biological products, and medical devices

Ensure medicines, medical devices and blood components for transfusion meet applicable standards of safety, quality and efficacy (effectiveness)

We are committed to excellence in health product regulation through science, collaboration and innovation

Safeguards and enhances the health of the Australian community through effective and timely regulation of therapeutic goods

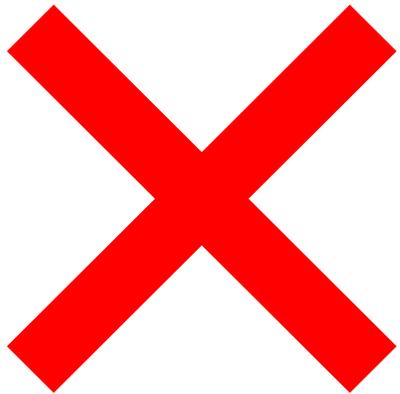
Lessons learned



12

MHRA - 2021
 Common reason for the MHRA objecting to a clinical investigation is the failure of the manufacturer to supply the **necessary data within the statutory assessment time** period.

Year	Completed review	Withdrawn by applicants	Grounds for objection raised	Common reasons for objection
2019	58	6	15	Insufficient evidence provided to demonstrate the appropriate biological safety, clinical or technical effectiveness of the device or poor study design
2020	49	6	9	Insufficient evidence of biological safety, sterilisation and software testing
2021	71	8	12	Insufficient devices validation and sterilisation process qualifications, unclear CE marking status, missing evidence demonstrating the appropriate biological safety, clinical or technical effectiveness of the device or poor study design



FDA - 2021

40

Pre-Notices of Noncompliance to encourage voluntary compliance with the ClinicalTrials.gov requirements:

- Failing to submit required clinical trial information
- Submitting false or misleading clinical trial information

30%

30% 510k submissions not accepted for initial review

Source:
[FDA Takes Action ClinicalTrials.Gov](#) | [FDA \(MPs and MDs\) IDE Application](#) | [FDA MHRA CI numbers \(MD\)](#)

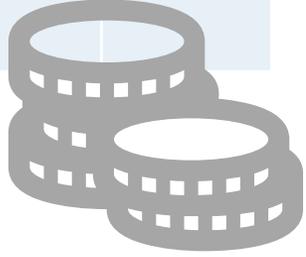
Costs



PRE-MARKET PHASE



	MHRA*	HPRA	BfArM
Class IIb implantable or long-term invasive, Class III, and active implantable devices: Notification	£15,627	£4,300	Up to €6,130
Class IIb implantable or long-term invasive, Class III, and active implantable devices: Notification - re-notification in the event of an objection	£11,069	£1,900	-



Source:
[*MHRA Fees from April 2023 - Consultation Response \(2022-2023\)*](#)
[Notify the MHRA about a clinical investigation for a medical device - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](#)
[HPRA fee application form for human products](#)
[BfArM fees](#)

Public wanting better health outcomes



£ priceless

Pathways to engagement..



FDA feedback and meetings – The [Pre-submission](#) Program
No fees



EMA – pilot expert panels’ scientific advice (MDR) - prior to its clinical evaluation and/or investigation (MDR Article 61).
No fee (during pilot)



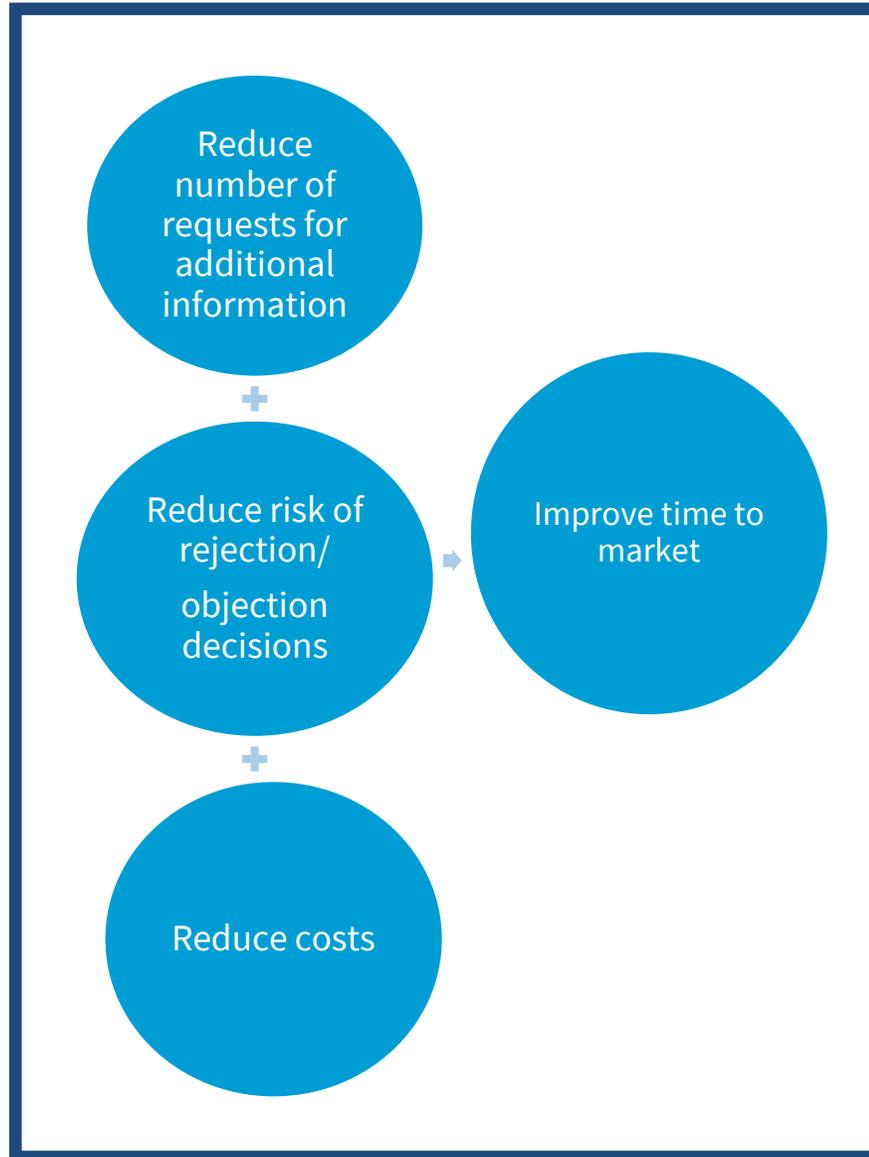
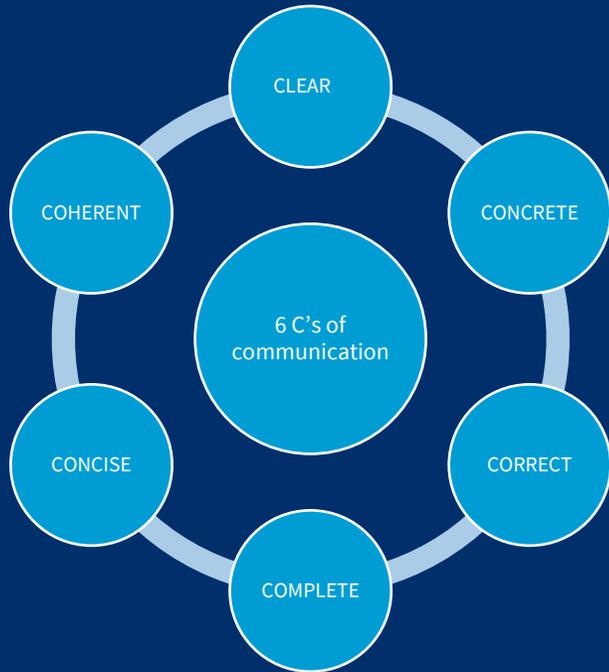
MHRA innovation office regulatory advice if you are developing a product which uses new or novel technology, materials, methods or approaches or manufacturing processes
No fee
MHRA [Consultation fees](#) (new/optional): CI Regulatory advice: £906 / Statistical review: £782

No cost
Extensive guidance documents

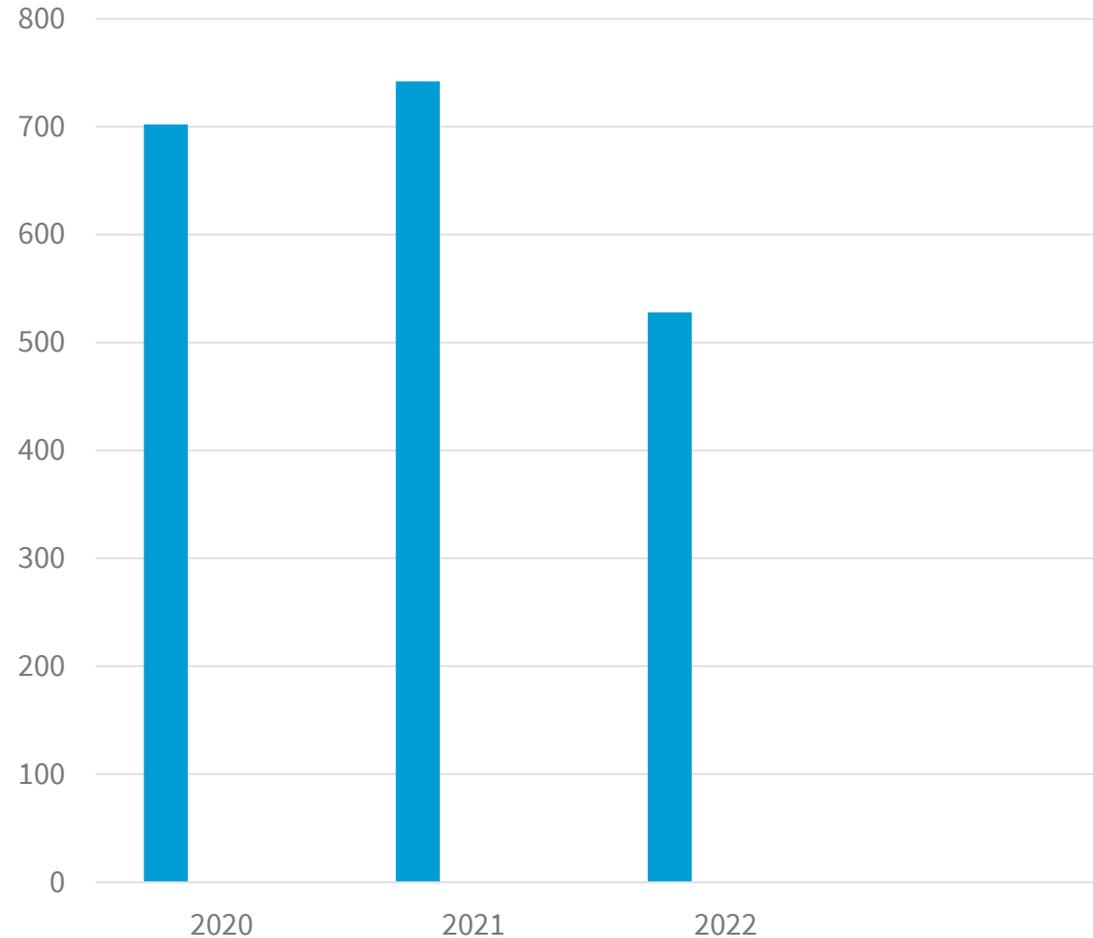
- Notification
- Compiling submission
- Guidance for clinical investigators
- Statistical considerations
- Biological safety assessments




Effective communication and engagement



Field Safety Notices (UK)



Common issues:

- Risk and actions not clear
- Targeting / traceability
- Poor response rates



Solution

- Effective FSCA strategy
- Discuss draft FSN / communication
- Follow guidance by regulatory body
- Seek local knowledge

When non-compliant ...



As part of its regulatory responsibilities, Health Canada is responsible for compliance monitoring and enforcement activities related to health products **in order to verify that regulatory requirements are being applied** appropriately.



In the majority of circumstances, we intend to **provide high level guidance on how you can comply with the regulations** and what you need to do to ensure that you are not putting members of public at risk unnecessarily.



The FDA works with manufacturers to **help them achieve regulatory compliance**, and takes enforcement action as appropriate.
Specific enforcement activities include actions **to correct and prevent violations**

Key take aways



Ecosystem of regulatory support



Develop meaningful multi-level relationships



Utilise pathways to feedback/advice – **as early as possible**



Keep abreast of best practice guidance on submissions, notifications etc



Positive impact on public health
outcomes

Q&A



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Pre-submitted Qs



From the floor



Slido



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